THE ABCs OF FAA ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS HANDOUT



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THE STEPS IN THE FAA ENFORCEMENT PROCESS

- 1. An incident
- 2. FAA's 10-day letter
- 3. Pilot's Response to FAA's 10-day letter
- 4. FAA's notice of proposed certificate action
- 5. Resolution of certificate action:
 - 1) trial; 2) agreed upon sanction;
 - 3) dismissal; or 4) use of NASA
 - Form to block sanction

WHAT IS AN INCIDENT?

- Take off from a closed runway
- Altitude busts
- Commercial operations
- Inappropriate money for a flight
- Flying without a medical
- Issues in the sale or purchase of an aircraft

WHAT IS AN INCIDENT?

- TFR violation
- Beautiful landing, but run out of fuel on the runway or taxiway.
- High speed exit of runway onto taxiway
- Entering Class B airspace without permission

WHAT IS AN INCIDENT?

- Entering Class B airspace without permission
- Fuel exhaustion forced landing
- Ramp checks . . .
- Omission of material facts from FAA medical application
- Many other possibilities for incidents that trigger FAA scrutiny!

AFTER THE INCIDENT

Please call TOWER – ATC - FAA! and/or

FAA sends Pilot a 10-day letter to Pilot's address on file with the FAA

THE CALL TO THE FAA

- 1. Be nice, courteous, careful, and a minimalist and take notes of what is said.
- 2. Remember: You have a right to say nothing, to remain silent, but what you do say must be truthful.
- 3. Remember: Anything you say will be misquoted and then used against you.

FAA OPTIONS AFTER AN INCIDENT

- 1. Informal correction of violation
- 2. Administrative Action
 - a. Warning notice letter
 - b. Letter of correction
 - c. Remedial training
 - d. 709 checkride

FAA OPTIONS AFTER AN INCIDENT

- 3. Legal enforcement action
 - a. Certificate suspension
 - b. Certificate revocation
- 4. Emergency order surrender certificate now

DO NOT REPORT AIRCRAFT ACCIDENTS AND CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES ON THIS FORM. ACCIDENTS AND CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES ARE NOT INCLIDED IN THE ASRS PROGRAM AND SHOULD NOT BE SUBMITTED TO NASA. ALL IDENTITIES CONTAINED IN THIS REPORT WILL BE REMOVED TO ASSURE COMPLETE REPORTER ANONYMITY. IDENTIFICATION STRIP: Please fill in all blanks to ensure return of strip. NO RECORD WILL BE KEPT OF YOUR IDENTITY. This section will be returned to you. TELEPHONEN NUMBERS where we may reach you for further details of this occurrence: HOME Area No Hours NAME ADDRESS/PO BOX DATE OF OCCURRENCE CITY STATE ZIP LOCAL TIME (24 hr. clock) PLEASE FILL IN APPROPRIATE SPACES AND CHECK ALL ITEMS WHICH APPLY TO THIS EVENT OR SITUATION. REPORTER FLYING TIME CERTIFICATES/RATINGS ATC EXPERIENCE Captain total his Student Private FPL Developmental ATP radar yrs. Captain total his student Officer on instrument OCFI non-radar yrs. Plicit flying last 90 days hrs. Instrument OCFI non-radar yrs. Other Crewmember om multiengine F/E supervisory yrs. MARSPACE WEATHER LIGHTMSBILLITY ATC/ADVISORY SERV.

pilot flying	last 90	dayshrs.	instrument		non-ra	adaryrs.
Other Crewmember		type hrs.	in multiengin	e F/E		ryyrs
	AIRSPACE		WEATHER	LIGHT	SIBILITY	ATC/ADVISORY SERV.
Class A (PCA) Class B (TCA) Class C (ARSA) Class C (Control Zo Class E (General Co	airwa unkr ne/ATA) ontrolled)	cial Use Airspace ay/route nown/other	VMC ice IMC snow mixed turbul marginal tstorm rain winds	ence ceiling	night dusk feet miles feet	olocal center ground FSS apch UNICOM dep CTAF Name of ATC Facility.
		AIRCRAFT 1			AIRC	RAFT 2
Type of Aircraft (Make/Model)	(Your Aircraft) _		EFIS FMS/FMC	(Other Aircraft)		EFIS FMS/FMC
Operator	air carrier commuter		orporate ther	air carrier commuter	o military o private	ocorporate other
Mission	o passenger o cargo		usiness nk/other	passenger cargo	training pleasure	o business o unk/other
Flight plan	○ VFR ○ IFR		one nknown	୦ VFR ାFR	SVFR DVFR	o none unknown
Flight phases at time of occurrence	taxi takeoff climb	o descent o m	anding hissed apch/GAR ther	taxi takeoff climb	cruise descent approach	□ landing □ missed apch/GAR □ other
Control status	visual apch controlled no radio		n SID/STAR nknown	o visual apch o controlled o no radio	on vector none radar adv	unknown
If more than tw	o aircraft were in	volved, please descr	ribe the additional a	rcraft in the "Des	cribe Event/S	Situation" section.
	LOCATIO	N			CONFLICT	S
Altitude		o MSL o	AGL Estimat	ed miss distance i	n feet horiz	vert
Distance and radial	from airport, NAV	'AID, or other fix		asive action taken CAS a factor?	?	Yes No
Nearest City/State				WS activate?		Yes No

NASA ARC 277B (January 1994)

GENERAL FORM

Page 1 of 2

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

NASA has established an Aviation Safety Reporting System (ASRS) to identify issues in the aviation system which need to be addressed. The program of which this system is a part is described in detail in FAA Advisory Circular 00-46D. Your assistance in informing us about such issues is essential to the success of the program. Please fill out this form as completely as possible, enclose in an sealed envelope, affix proper postage, and and send if directly to us.

The information you provide on the identity strip will be used only if NASA determines that it is necessary to contact you for further information. THIS IDENTITY STRIP WILL BE RETURNED DIRECTLY TO YOU. The return of the identity strip assures your anonymity.

AVIATION SAFETY REPORTING SYSTEM

Section 91.25 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 91.25) prohibits reports filed with NASA from being used for FAA enforcement purposes. This report will not be made available to the FAA for civil penalty or certificate actions for violations of the Federal Air Regulations. Your identity strp. stamped by NASA, is proof that you have submitted a report to the Aviation Safety Reporting System. We can only return the strip to you, however, if you have provided a mailing address. Equally important, we can often obtain additional useful information if our safety analysts can talk with you directly bytelephone. For this reason, we have requested telephone unberser where we may reach you.

Thank you for your contribution to aviation safety.

- Factors affecting the quality of human performance

NOTE: AIRCRAFT ACCIDENTS SHOULD NOT BE REPORTED ON THIS FORM. SUCH EVENTS SHOULD BE FILED WITH THE NATIONAL TRANSPORTATIONSAFETY BOARD AS REQUIRED BY NTSB Regulation 830.5 (49CFR830.5).

Please fold both pages (and additional pages if required), enclose in a sealed, stamped envelope, and mail to:



- Contributing factors

- Corrective actions

NASA AVIATION SAFETY REPORTING SYSTEM POST OFFICE BOX 189 MOFFETT FIELD, CALIFORNIA 94035-0189



	DESCRIBE EVENT/SITUATION	
seping in mind the topics shown below, discuss those when problem, and what can be done to prevent a recurrence.	hich you feel are relevant and anything else you se, or correct the situation. (USE ADDITIONAL P	think is important. Include what you believe really cause APER IF NEEDED)
		-
	Page 2 of 2	

NASA Form Prerequisites Excerpted from Advisory Circular 00-46E, dated 12/16/2011:

"Accordingly, although a finding of violation may be made, neither a civil penalty nor certificate suspension will be imposed if:

- 1. The violation was <u>inadvertent and not</u> <u>deliberate</u>.
- 2. The violation did not involve a criminal offense, accident ….

- 3. The person has not been found in any prior FAA enforcement action to have committed a violation … of any regulation … for a period of 5 years before the date of occurrence.
- 4. The person proves that, within 10 days after the violation, or date when the person became aware or should have been aware of the violation, he or she completed and delivered or mailed a written report of the incident or occurrence to NASA."
 - 5. Incident was not an accident.

Used to be a hard and fast 10 days, whether or not aware of the violation or not.

Important change in 12/2011.

SANCTION FACTORS

- 1. Nature of Violation?
 - punishment must fit the violation
- 2. Careless or reckless conduct?
 - warrants more severe sanctions
- 3. Violation inadvertent or deliberate?
 - inadvertent = inattention and lack of purposeful choice

SANCTION FACTORS

- 4. Certificate holder's level of expertise?
- 5. Attitude of the violator
 - good compliance attitude?
- 6. Degree of hazard?
- 7. Action taken by employee or other authority?

SANCTION FACTORS

- 8. Use of certificate how used in violation?
- 9. Violation history?
- 10. Ability to absorb sanctions?
- 11. Violation reported voluntarily?
- 12. Corrective Action.

TIPS FROM THE LAWYER The "Plane" Truth

- BE COURTEOUS AND POLITE TO ATC, RAMP FOLK, LINEMAN, THE FAA, AND OTHERS
- If you decide to talk at anytime, make sure it's accurate, truthful, and candid.
- If you decide to submit documents to the FAA or anyone else (your insurer, NTSB, others, make sure they are genuine and accurate.

Tips from the Lawyer (continued)

- Consider grounding yourself after an incident until you speak with an aviation lawyer.
- Make a NASA report every time you are involved in an incident.
- Join AOPA's legal services plan and get a lawyer at no cost to you for up to 10 hours regarding your incident.
- Consider remedial training with a CFI or CFII or MEI concerning the issue giving rise to the incident.

Tips from the Lawyer

- Be mindful of the FAA's sanction penalty guidance chart.
- Tell your attorney the <u>truth</u> and what you told the FAA and ATC or others.
- I called ATC and asked about the TFR.
 No tape of the pilot's call to ATC.